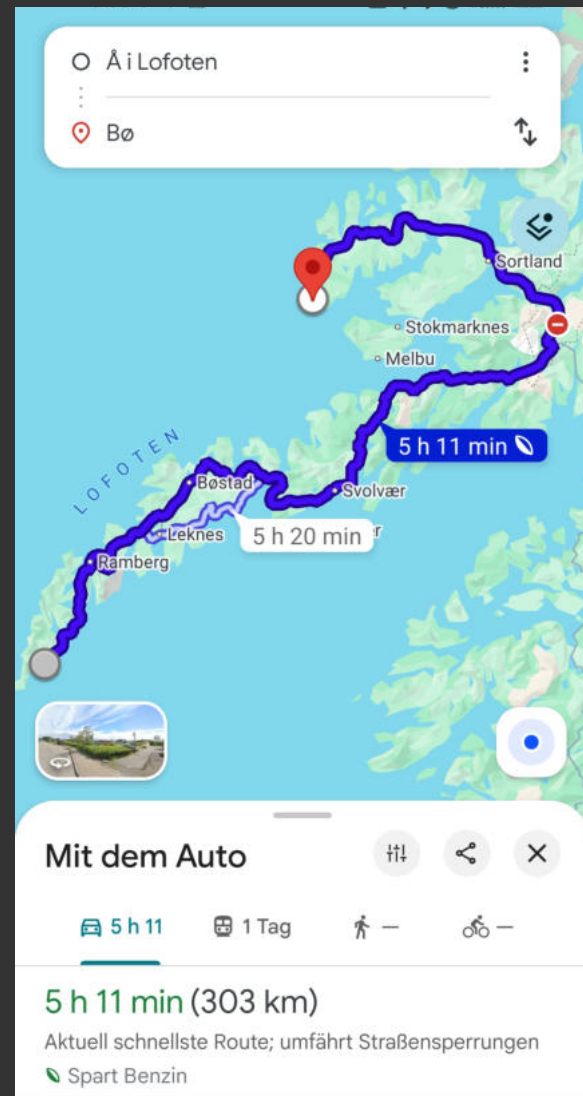


Übernachtungen

Stationen auf der Reisestrecke





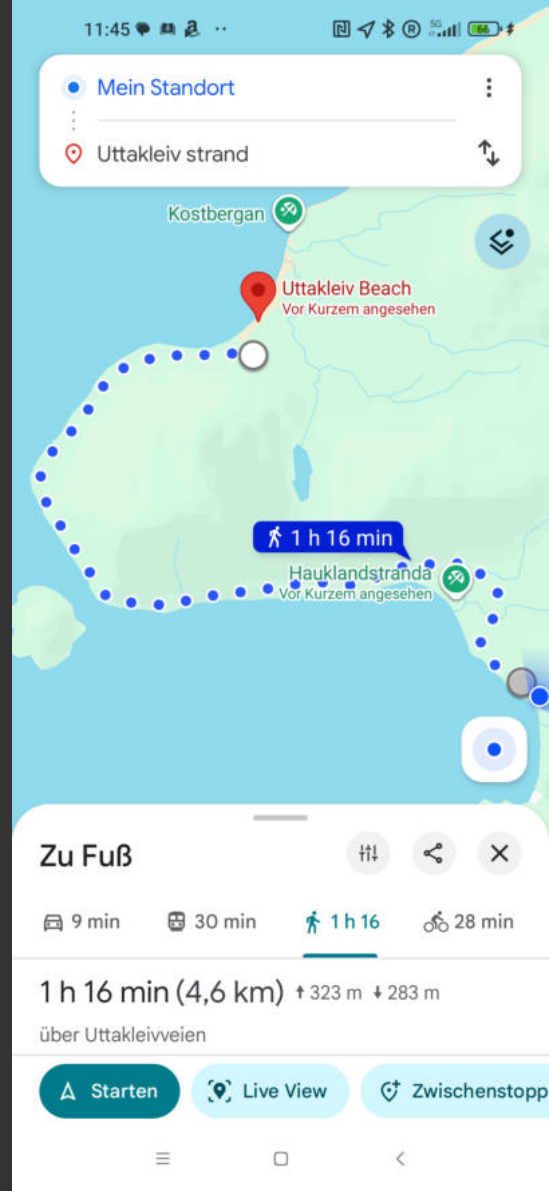




Hauklandstranda, Uttakleiv



















Borg





Lofotr Wikingermuseum



Alle Neueste Videos Vom Inhaber Street View



+ Fotos und Videos hinzufügen

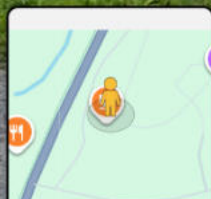
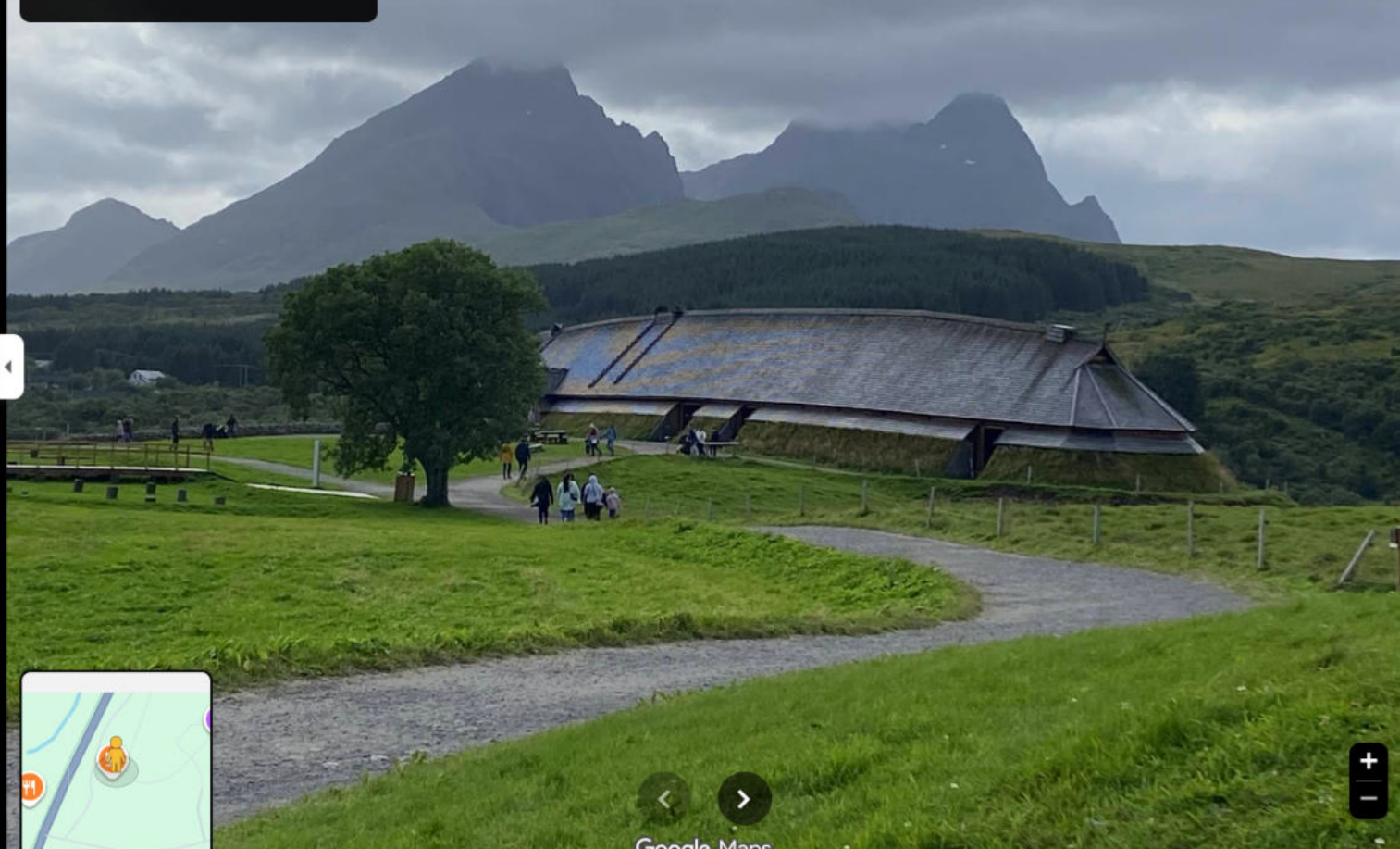
Lofotr Wikingermuseum



HS

Foto · Aug. 2022

Teilen



Google Maps





Vikinger i Lofoten

WINGER I LØFTEN: I 1961 lyet en bombe på Berg på Vestkyst og antændte i Jæren, og gennemsløret dermed Nord-Norges status som raskt voksende industrilandskab, etableret ca. år 500 e. Kr. Hverdagstidspunktet på Berg var i den 83 meter høje, det største freges i Jæren fra vikingetiden. Udgangspunktet alene at indgå i Løftene var et stort mønting og veltende folk, som på vidt og bredt i skulpturer fra den keltiske (1950), frankiske og tyske, hverken på Berg i den første rundet år 1950. Den sidste hændelsen var i 1961 og 1962 i Tøndermønting, som etableret sig på nord på Island. I 1961 kom de første en eksperimentel ødelæggelse af skulpturer på Løftene i vikingetiden.

[illegible][illegible][illegible]

MODE LÆRMENN MED SØVERNE **SRIA** Vångenes søttemann
hangar skillete først og fremst på sine skredderarbeider og
og moderne tøy. Vångenes reiser på tross av seggen
ikke vil at skillete skal bli. Vångenes og søttemann

græstang i ådrene og skibene var, sammen med udbyr for 2-3 vore
næsten til luv af det døde. I græstangene var det fuldest forsynet
med råddne skibe, stykker, rester og en del af det der var blevet af skibe
med var det sidste indvandrere. Men det at det fuldest af skibe
med var, dette skibsgenstande er en moderne opfindelse.

WILKINS AT LAFLEUR, in this corner of Burg on the Volga river and almost in his little and thereby multicultural North America's east and richest Vilnius city's residence from about 300 AD, it was 82 meters long, the largest building we know of from Viking times. Excavations revealed that the Vikings of Lafleur were powerful as prominent people, who brought home great riches from trade in Champagne, France and Germany. The residence at Burg was abandoned about 350. The last chief was probably still remembered, who returned to his land. Today you can visit a reconstruction of this important stronghold of Lafleur Viking Museum.

BARBARIANS AND TOWNS PLANNERS. The Viking raids gave them a reputation as wild and fierce barbarians. Fresh from modern warfare, they did not need fortifiers. The Vikings could draw their ships up onto any beach, surprise towns, castles and monasteries and make off with their plunder before defenses could begin to organize. They set the only real march of defense the French king had and set to give hardwired to the Viking chief Gunglthor, to keep the other Vikings away.

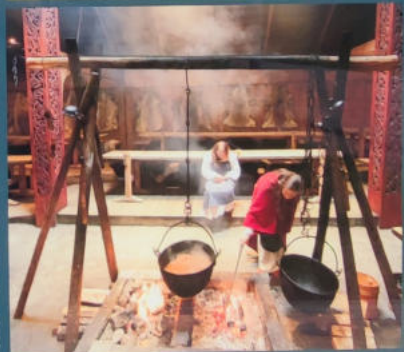
THE YOUNGER CONQUER EUROPE. Before the Vikings began their raids, Scandinavia was a far isolate of Europe. The great French king, Charlemagne, took little notice of the southern fisheries and harbors. But in 723 AD the monastery at Lindisfarne on the northeast coast of England was suddenly plundered by foreign seafarers. For the next five hundred years the Vikings terrorized Europe. They sailed far up the rivers of Germany and France, conquered large parts of Ireland and England, attacked towns in Spain and Italy and established themselves along the great rivers of Russia.

SMALLER CRAFTSMEN - WITHOUT ARMS. The Vikings were not limited to their boats and ships, with them to equip them for inland attack. They include carpenters, joiners, rope and harness makers, and even a blacksmith.

DOOR SEAMEN WITH FANTASTIC SHIPS. The thing that was really due to their excellent seamanship and advanced technology was the Vikings navigated by the movements of a shadow.

which show the Vikings to have been skilled craftsmen. The nation has found a single helmet with horns, that Viking number is a master invention.

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BARBARIANS AND TOWNS PLANNERS. The Viking raids gave them a reputation as wild and fierce barbarians. Fresh from modern warfare, they did not need fortifiers. The Vikings could draw their ships up onto any beach, surprise towns, castles and monasteries and make off with their plunder before defenses could begin to organize. They set the only real march of defense the French king had and set to give hardwired to the Viking chief Gunglthor, to keep the other Vikings away.

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A black pot sits on a wooden stand over a fire. The fire is burning in a metal grate, and the pot is positioned directly above it. The scene is outdoors, with a wooden structure visible in the background.

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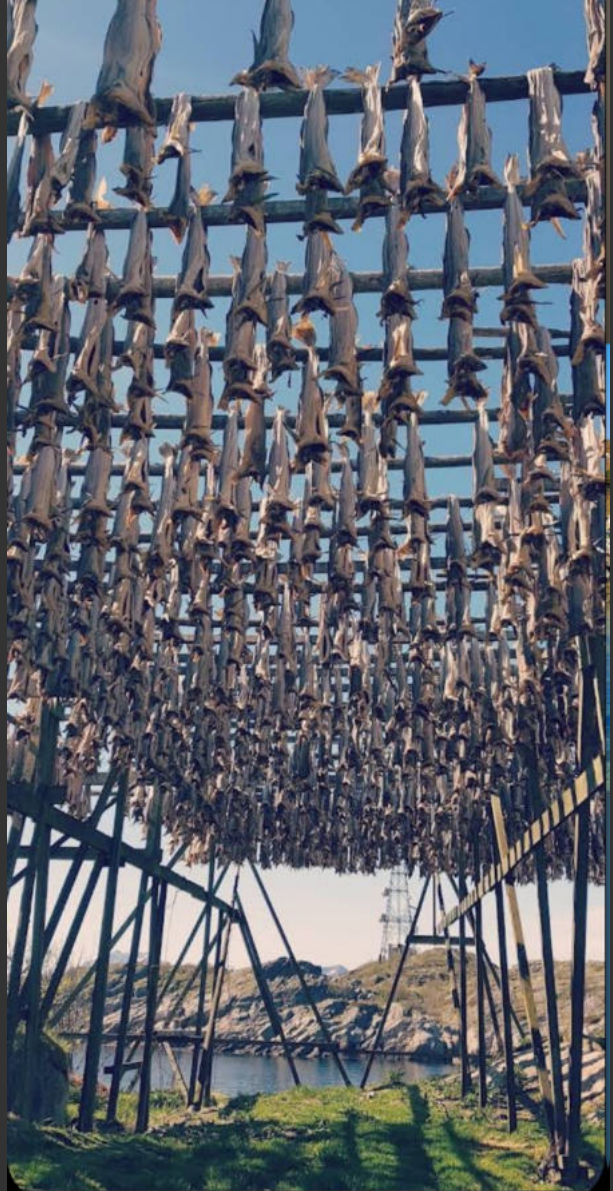








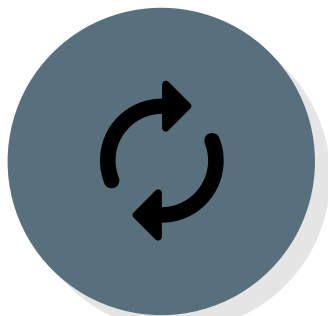






- Tag 7

- Henningsvær



- Tag 8

- Uttakleiv,
Wickinger



- Tag 9

- Trollfjord